CHAPTER SIX: PRICE

SECTION 1,2 & 3



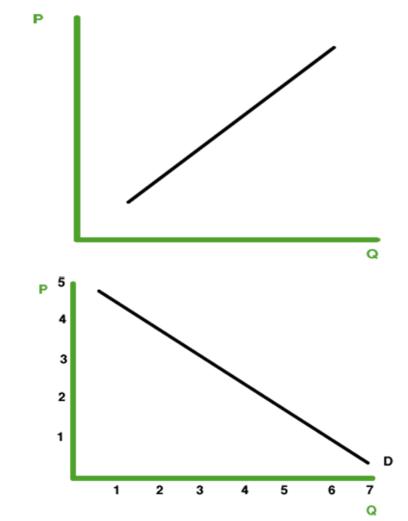
I CAN EVALUATE HOW THE GOVERNMENT CAN MANIPULATE PRICES.

I CAN EVALUATE SCENARIOS THAT WOULD CAUSE GOVERNMENT INTERVENTIONS IN THE MARKET.

BELL WORK

What is the law of demand?

What is the law of supply?



VOCABULARY

- I.Surplus
- 2.Shortage
- 3. Equilibrium price
- 4. Rationing
- 5.Rebate
- 6.Price



SOMETIMES THE INVISIBLE HAND DOESN'T ALWAYS WORK







DAILY NEWS MEAT CONTROLS TAKEN OFF

Truman Ends Price Curbs; Other Cailings Stay for Now

Riverside Enterprise 10 PAGES PART ONE PAGES PART ONE

America's First Act of War In Seizure of Big

RATIONING

Ration

When a government agency decides everyone's fair share



Ration Coupon

A ticket or coupon entitles you to obtain a product



REBATE

Partial rebate of price. Intended to stimulate sales.



8 CARS WITH \$10,000 EMISSIONS TAX REBATES



Hyundai Ioniq

BMW 118d





Honda Jazz

Mazda 2





Mitsubishi Attrage

Mercedes-Benz B180





Toyota Prius C

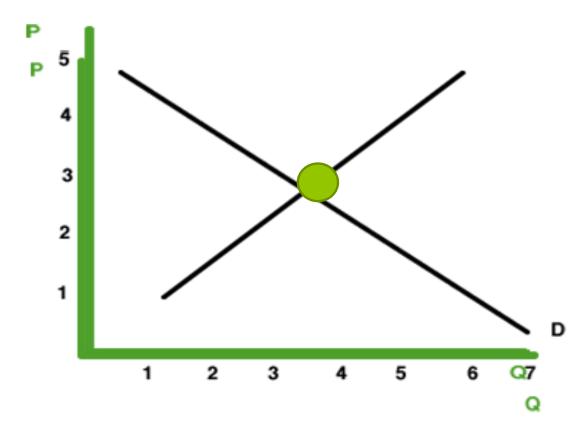
Honda Grace





aphic By: Afig Rayyan MUSTSHARENEWS

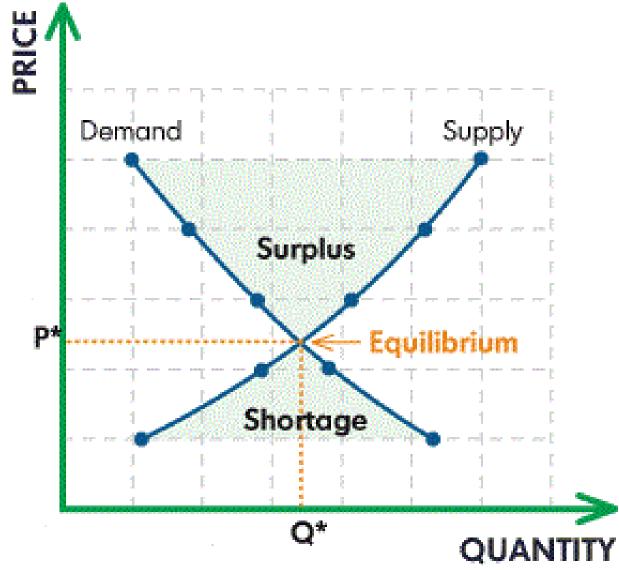
WHEN THE 2 LAWS MEET WE GET THE EQUILIBRIUM PRICE



Law of Supply

Law of Demand





WHEN THE 2 LAWS MEET WE GET THE EQUILIBRIUM PRICE

Law of Demand



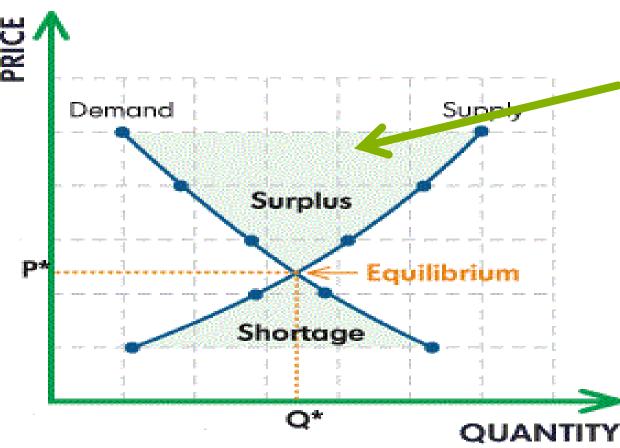


Law of Supply



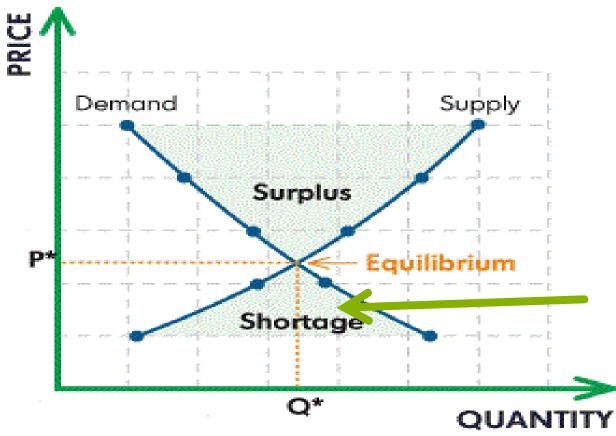
SURPLUS





SHORTAGE





MAN MADE SHORTAGES

THE BIG GEM COMPANIES AGGRESSIVELY CONTROL THE SUPPLY THAT ARRIVES AT MARKET, CREATING ARTIFICIAL SCARCITY AND HIGH PRICES.



PRICE-MONETARY VALUE OF A PRODUCT

High price signal buyers to buy less and producers to produce more

Low prices signals to buyers to buy more and producers to produce less





Shoes made in collaboration with celebrities (Kanye West, Drake, The Rock, Kevin Hart, Pharrell and Rihanna).

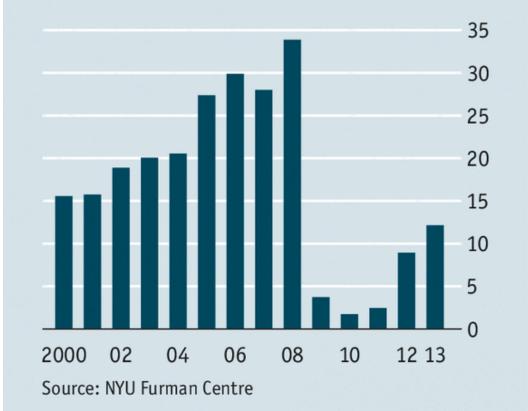
PRICE CEILING

Maximum legal price that can be charged for a product.

Price ceilings always create a shortage. In the case of housing in New York developers make more on hotels, offices or parking structures.



NYC new residential unit building permits, '000



PRICE FLOOR

Lowest legal price that can be paid for a good or service. The most common example is minimum wage.

Price floors always lead to surplus in the case of minimum wage you have a surplus of employees (people get fired).



WHAT ABOUT FARMERS?

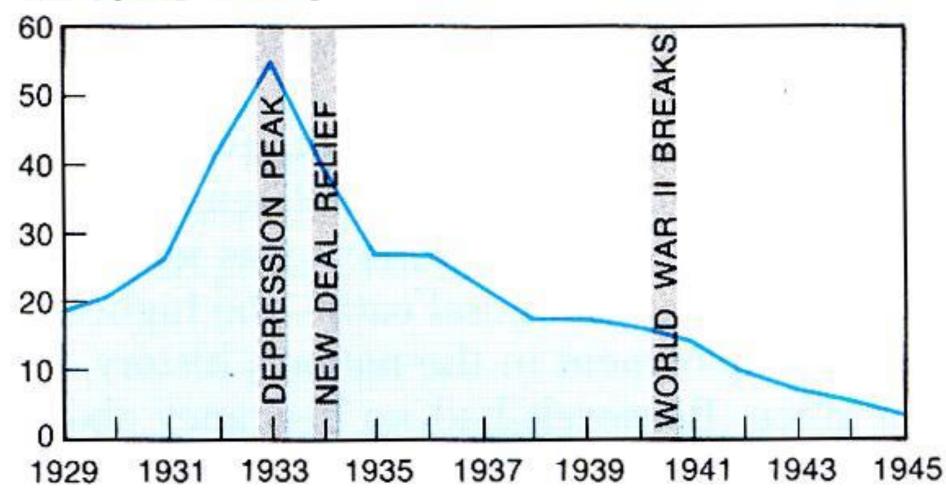
- 1. Target Price: Stabilizes prices for farmers by creating a price floor.
- 2. Nonrecourse loan: Loan that carries no obligation of repayment or penalties.
- 3. Deficiency payment: A check made from the government to make up the difference between the market price and the target price



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Farm Foreclosures and Defaults, 1929-1945

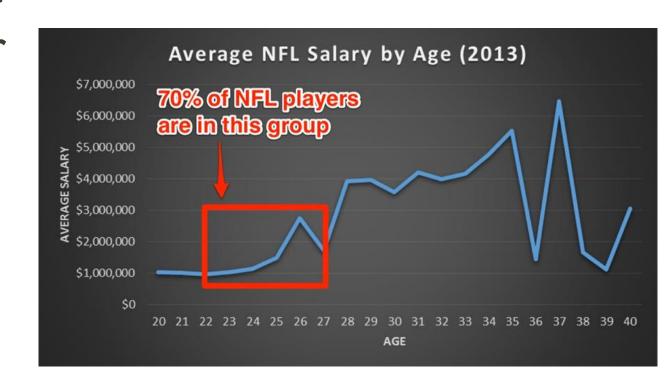




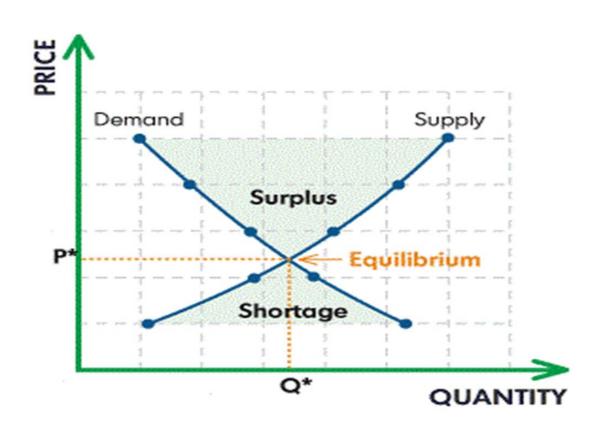
BELLWORK

If the NFL got rid of the price floor would there be more or less players?

Would the NFL players get paid more or less if the NFL had a price ceiling?



BELL WORK



I. What is a surplus?

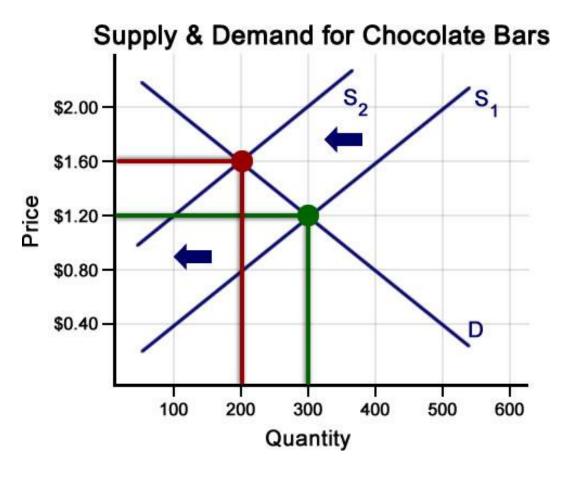
2. What is a shortage?

Equilibrium= Perfection

GRAPHS AND EQUILIBRIUM

CHAPTER SIX

SHIFTS IN SUPPLY



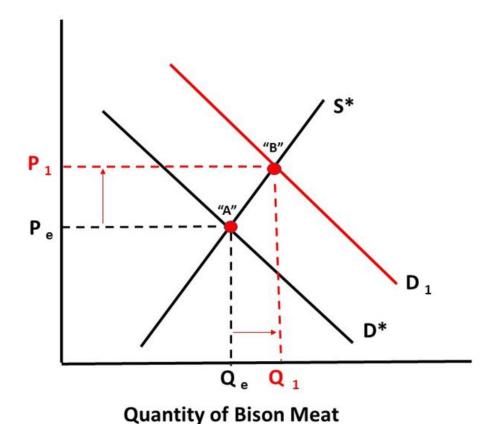
I. What happens to the price of chocolate bars when the supply decreases?

2. What happens to demand?

SHIFT IN DEMAND

Market for Bison Meat

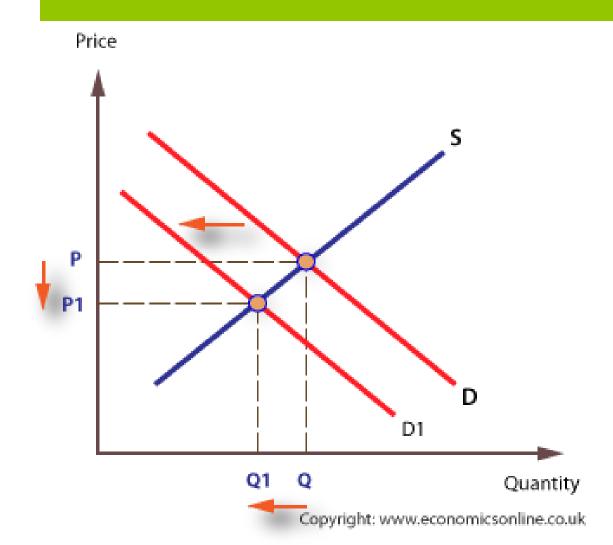
Demand For Bison Meat



3. What happens to the price of bison meat when the demand goes up?

4. Does the quantity change?

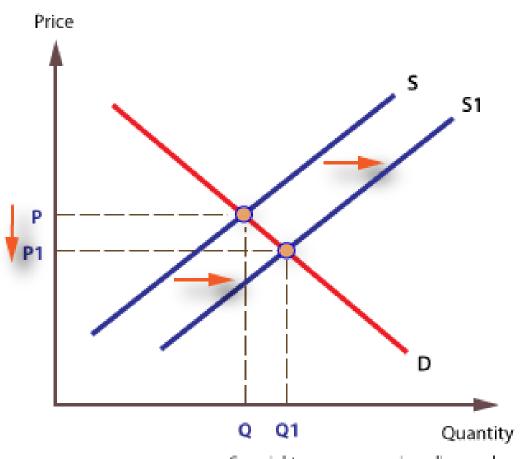
EQUILIBRIUM SHIFT



5. What changes in this economic model?

6. What can cause demand to shift?

EQUILIBRIUM SHIFT



7. What changes in this economic model?

8. What can cause supply to shift?

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REVIEW (PAGE 164-165)

Review Content Vocabulary

1-6

Review the Main Ideas

8-16

Critical Thinking

17-18

